



International Intestinal Rehabilitation and Transplant Association
A section of the Transplantation Society

International Intestinal Transplant Registry: 2025 Update

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On Behalf of the IRTA Scientific Committee

IITR Mission

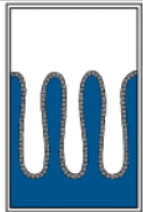
- The International Intestinal Transplant Registry (IITR) collects data on worldwide activity & results of intestinal transplantation (ITx)
- Mission: to provide data on ITx outcomes to the international community in order to help improve patient care, and optimize decision making.

IITR Database Description

- Data collection started in 1985
- Data collection & analyses are performed by Eric Pahl, with the support of the Scientific Committee of the IIRTA
- A simple core data set is collected to promote reporting
- Additional data is collected for specific projects

IITR Website

- Data is entered via RedCap
- Center data is confidential and accessible in real time
- Aggregate outcomes are reported in the overall IITR report



Intestinal Rehabilitation & Transplant
ASSOCIATION



a section
The Transplantation
Society

Intestinal Transplant Registry “How To” Guide

1. Access the ITR Log-in page at <https://intestinalregistry.org/redcap>
2. Sign into the Intestinal Transplant Registry with your REDCap username and password

Definitions and Analyses

- Definitions:

Transplant Type	Intestine	Liver	Stomach
Small Bowel (SBT)	✓		
Liver/SBT	✓	✓	
Modified MVT	✓		✓
MVT	✓	✓	✓

- Pediatric cases defined as < 18 years.

2023-2025 ITR Updates

- Since last report (CIIRTA June 2023)
 - 234 new transplants added to ITR
 - Including 139 from USA OPTN/SRTR import 3/2025
- ITR data was accessed 9/12/2025 for this report

Global Intestinal Tx Experience

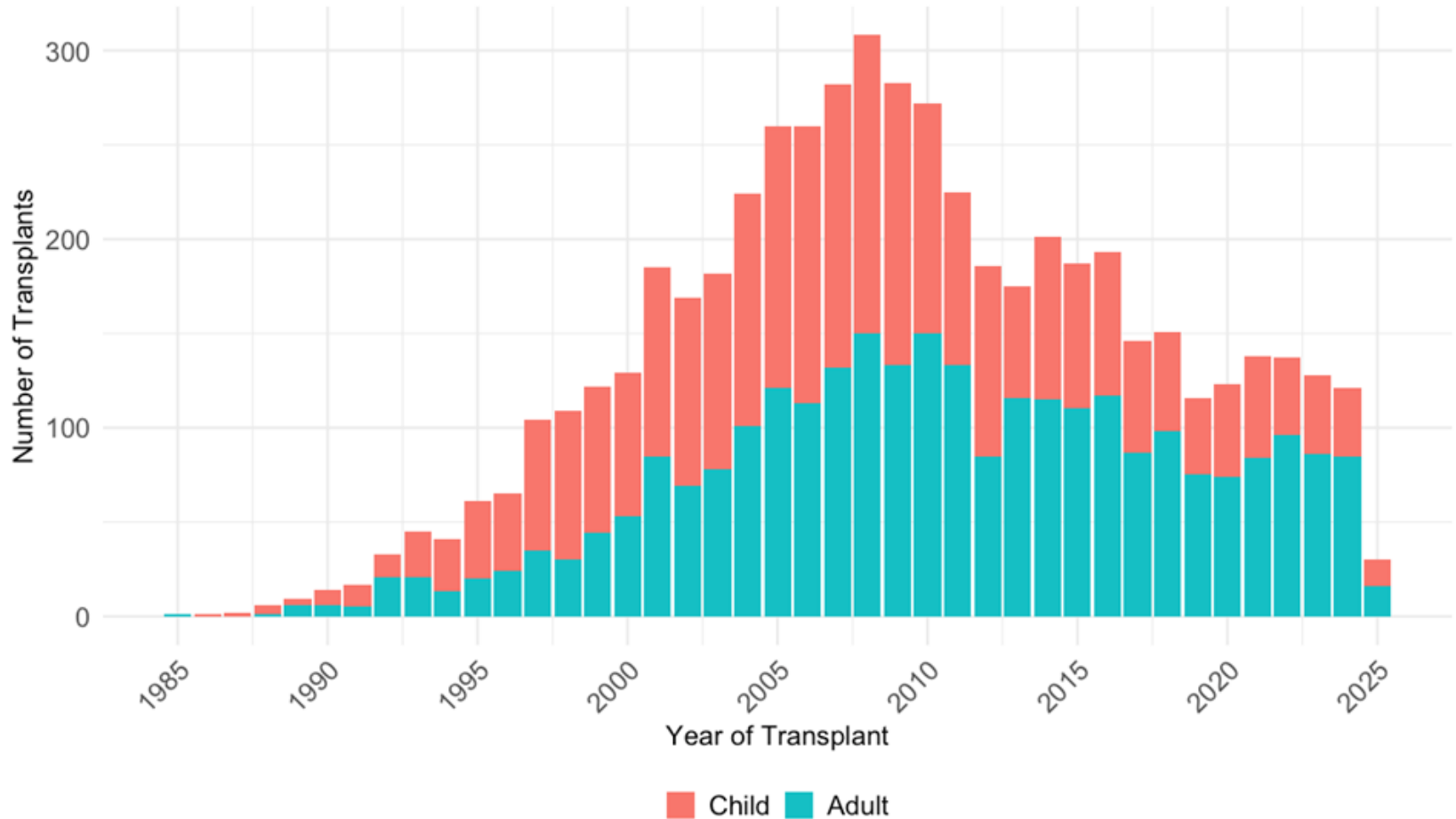
January 1985 - September 2025

	Total	Pediatric	Adult
ITx (n=)	5,507	2,692	2,815
Reporting Centers	98	76	82

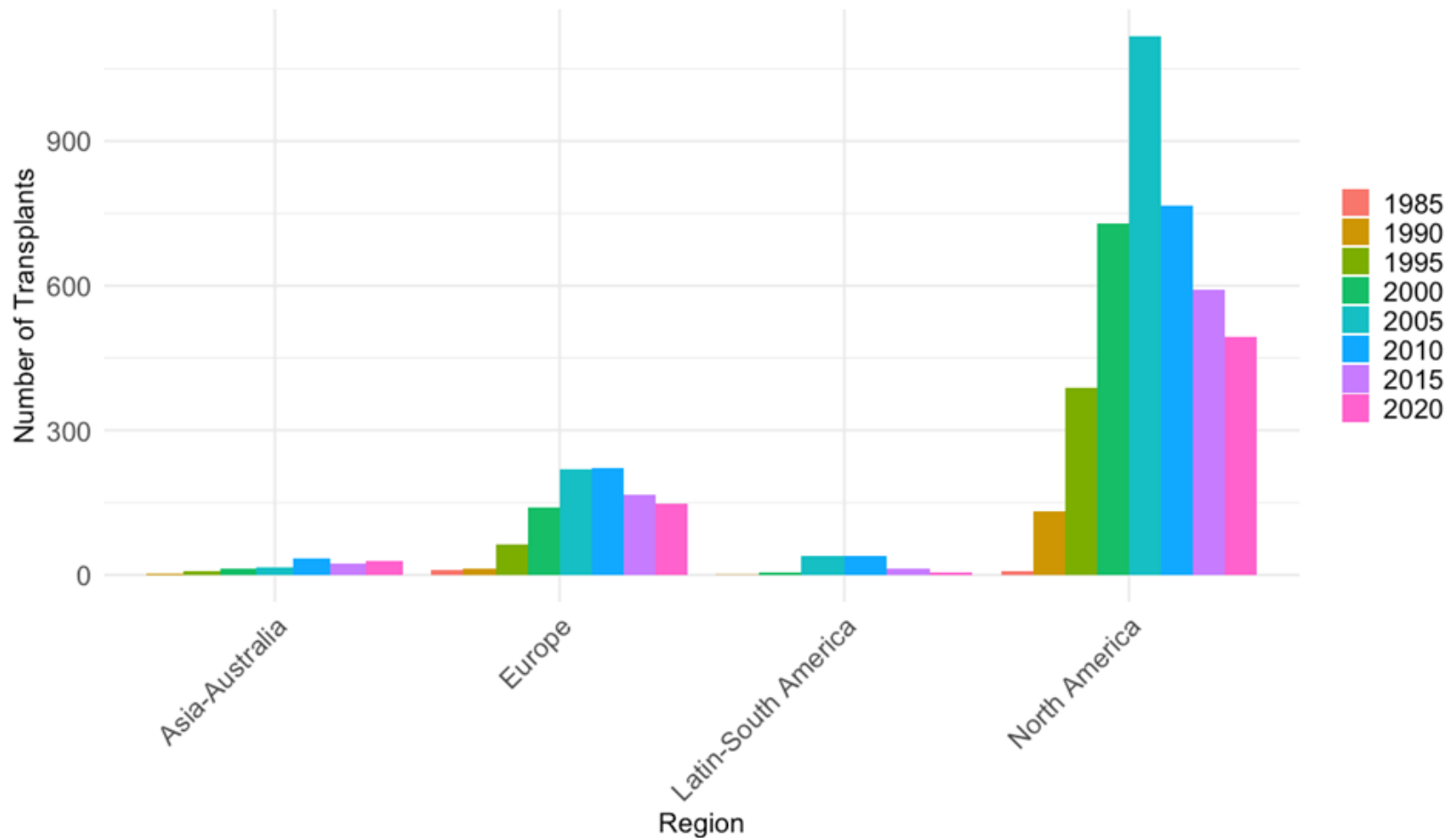
- Since last report at CIIRTA 2023:
 - 26 international centers are actively entering data, including 17 pediatric centers

Intestinal Transplants Performed

(All recipients transplanted between Jan 1985- September 2025)



Global Trends In Clinical Activity



Graft Type

Type of Transplant	Pediatric (n=2,692)	Adult (n=2,815)	Overall (n=5,507)
SBT	29%	49%	39%
Liver/SBT	38%	11%	24%
Modified MVT	2%	8%	5%
MVT	19%	21%	20%

The type of transplants have remained proportionally relatively constant over time

Graft Type

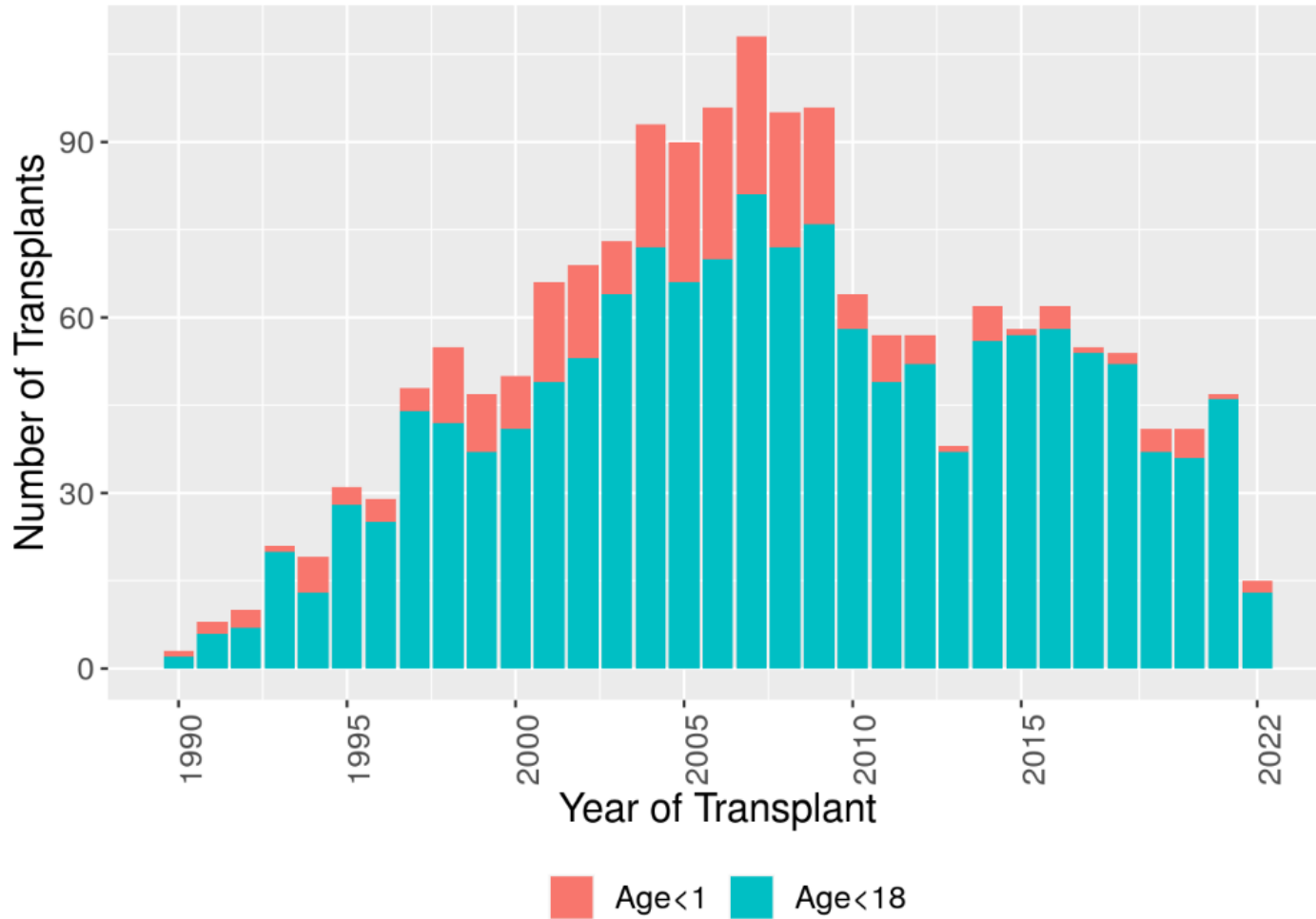
Type of Transplant	Pediatric (n=2,652)	Adult (n=2,789)	Overall (n=5,441)
SBT	29%	49%	39%
Liver/SBT	38%	11%	24%
Modified MVT	2%	8%	5%
MVT	19%	21%	20%

The type of transplants have remained proportionally relatively constant over time

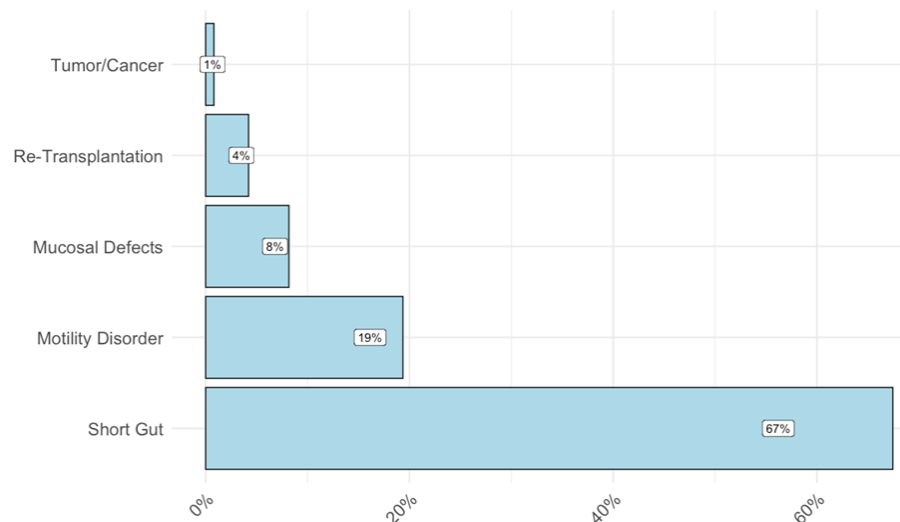
Demographics of ITx

	Pediatric	Adult
Median Age at ITx	2.8 y/o (1.1, 6.9)	41 y/o (30, 52)
Female	43%	51%

Age at Time of ITx (Peds)



Indications for ITx



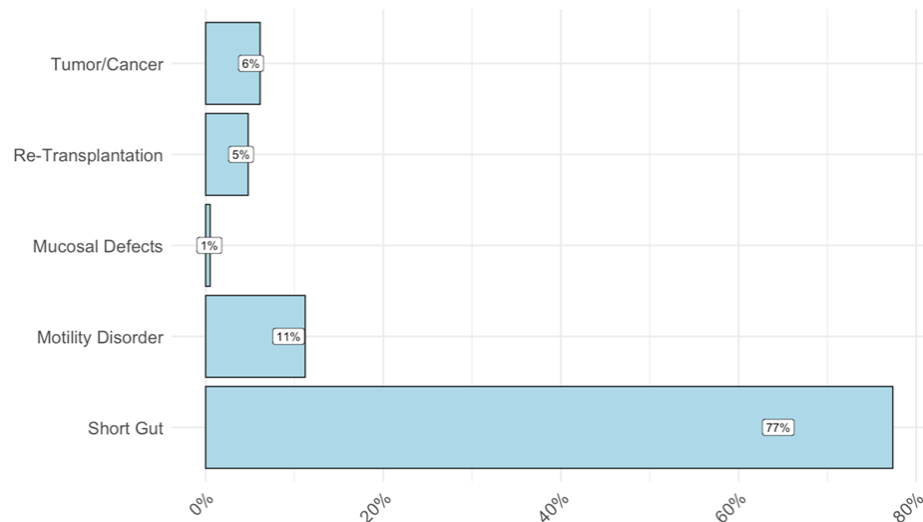
Leading causes of peds SBS:

Gastroschisis

Volvulus

NEC

Intestinal atresia



Leading causes of adult SBS:

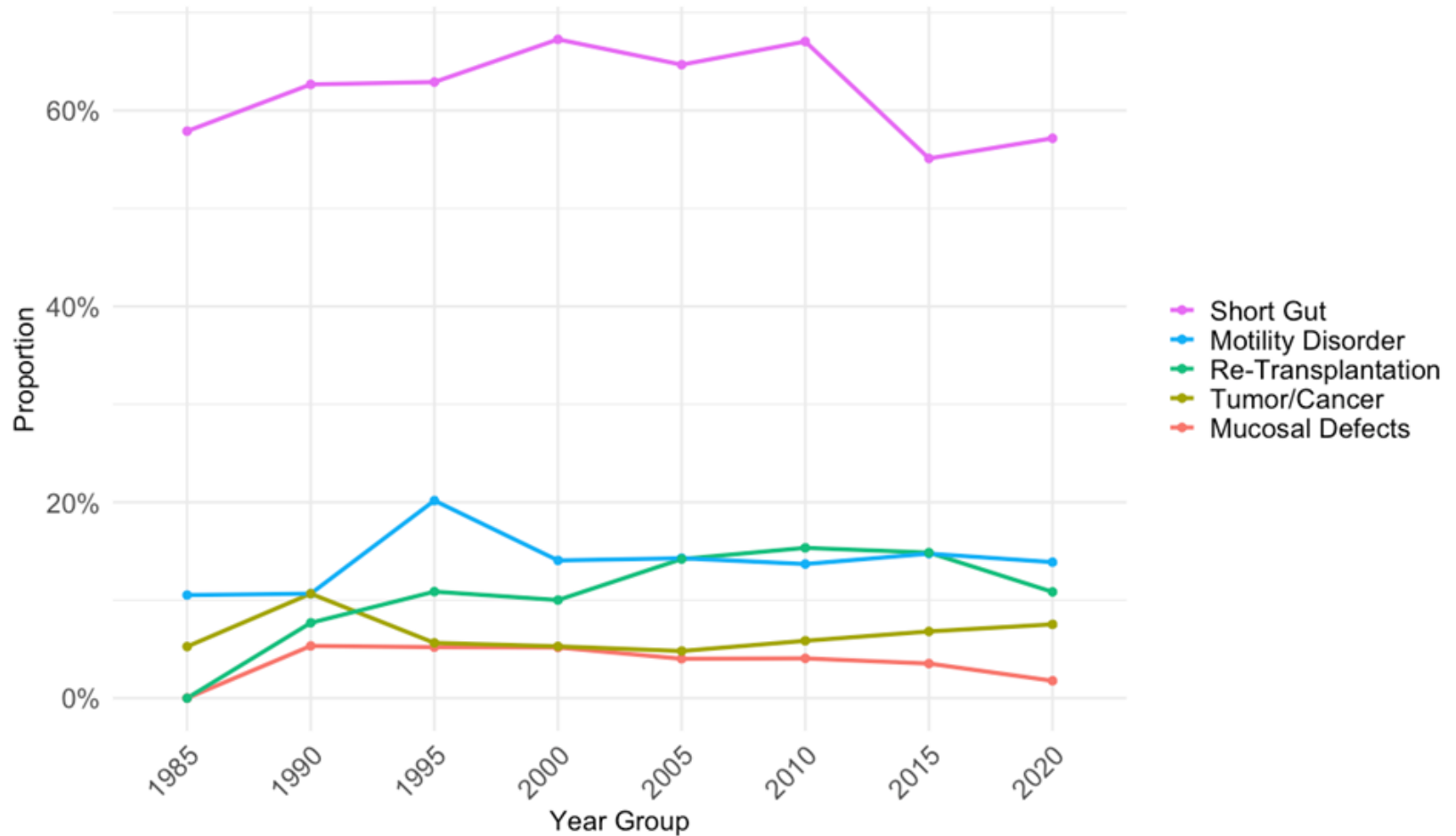
Ischemia

Crohn's disease

Volvulus

Trauma

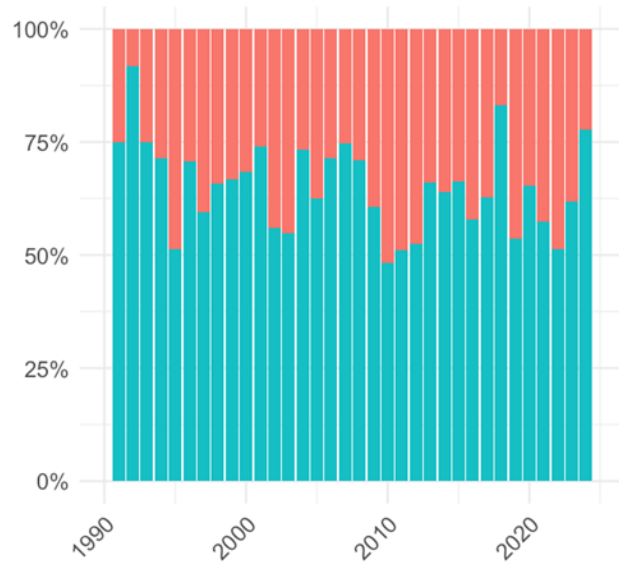
Indications for Transplant Over Time



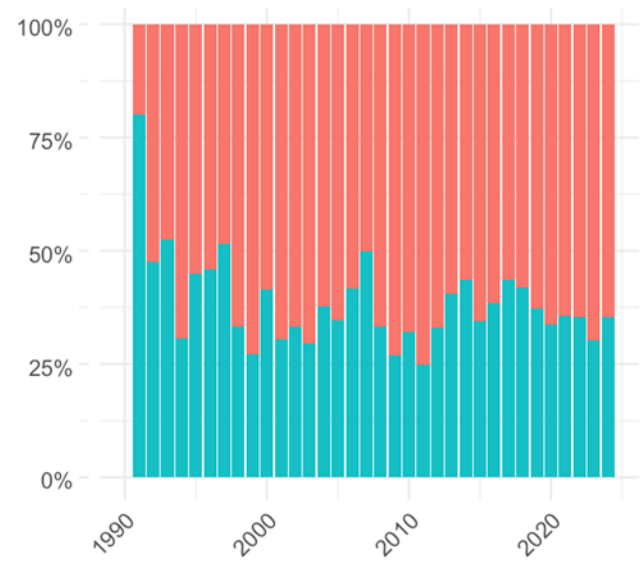
Trends In Graft Type

Transplant Type Over Time

Pediatric, n=2652

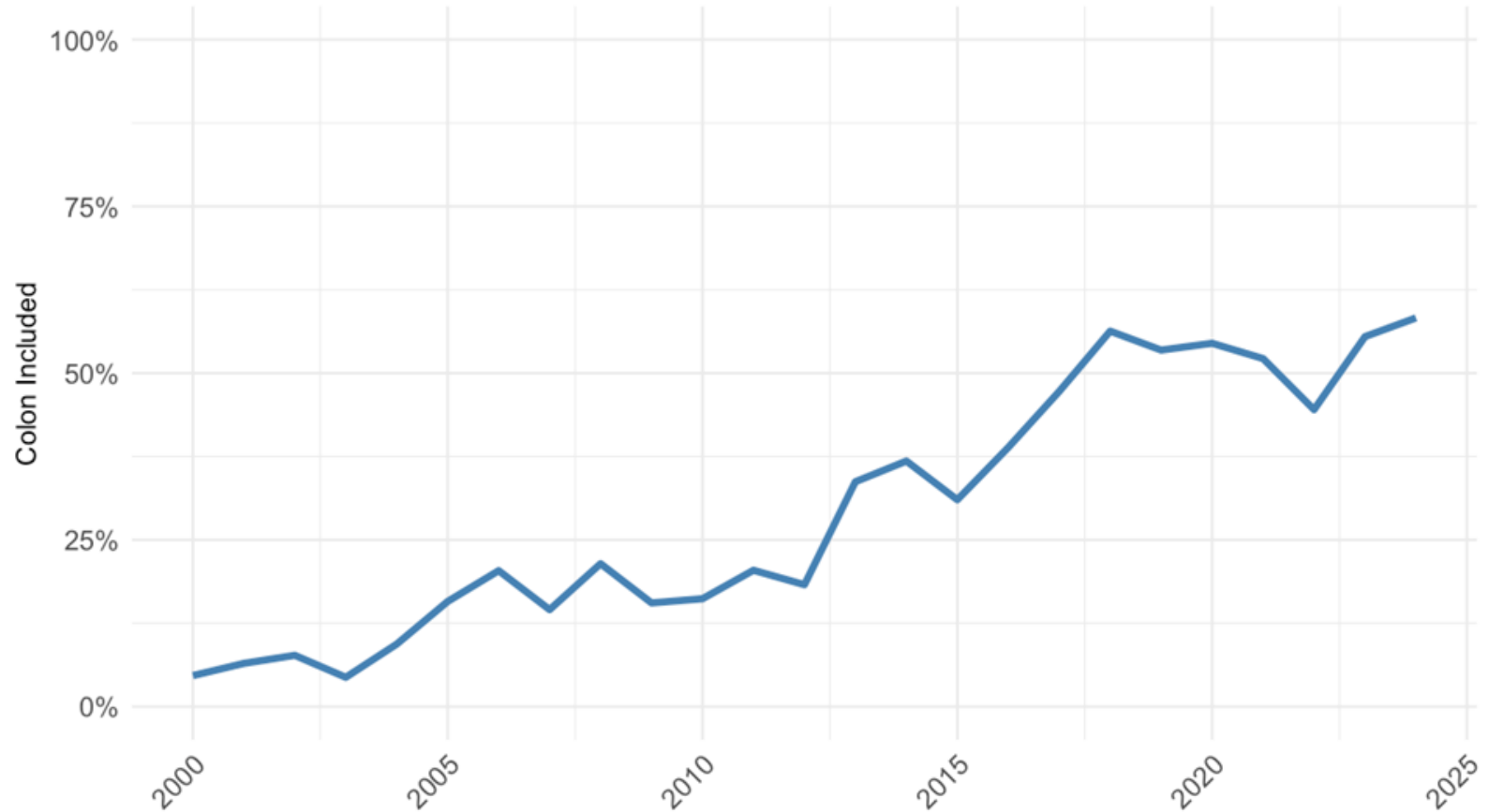


Adults, n=2789

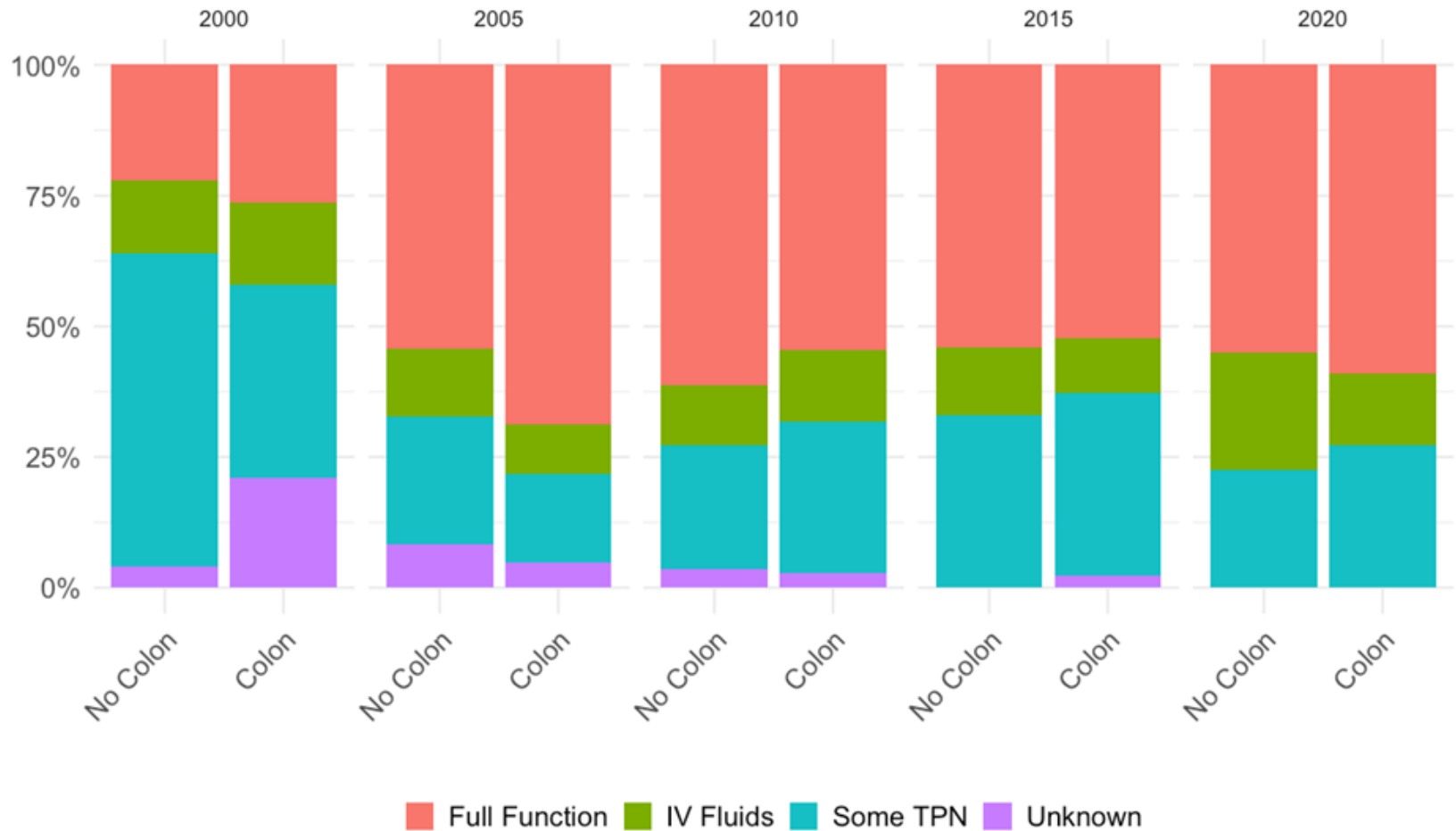


■ No Liver ■ Liver Component

Colon Inclusion Over Time



Functional Status of Transplant Recipients by Era



Initial Hospitalization

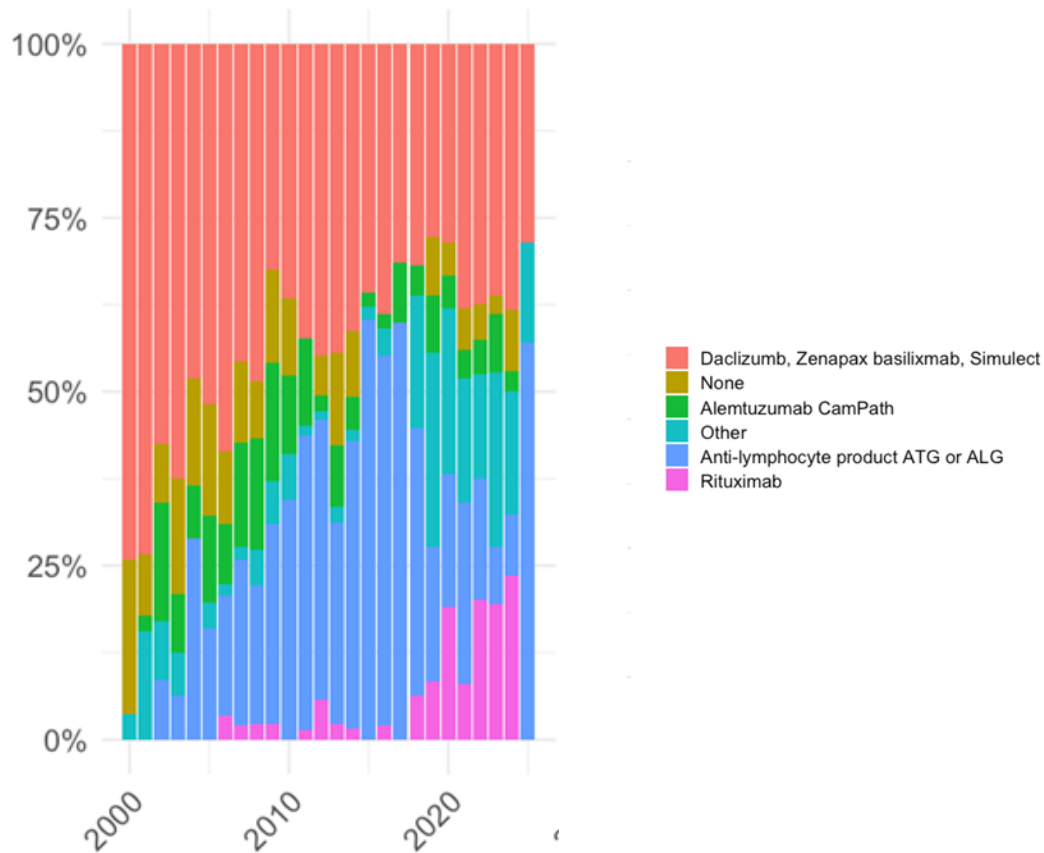
Initial Length of Stay

	Pediatric	Adult
Median Initial LOS (days)	53 (34, 90)	41 (25, 70)

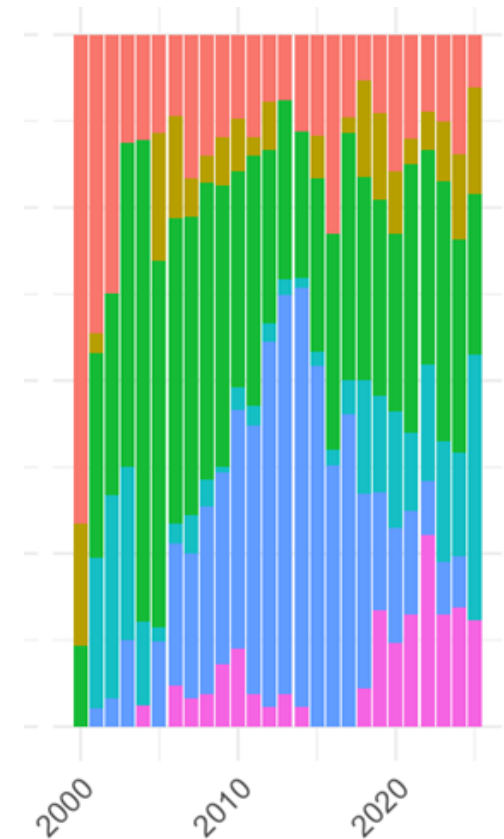
The initial length of stay has not changed significantly over time

Induction Immunosuppression

Pediatric induction immunosuppression changes over time



Adult induction immunosuppression changes over time



Rejection During Initial Hospitalization

	No Rejection	Mild ACR	Mod-Severe ACR
Pediatric	69%	11%	20%
Adult	79%	7%	14%

Long-Term Follow-Up

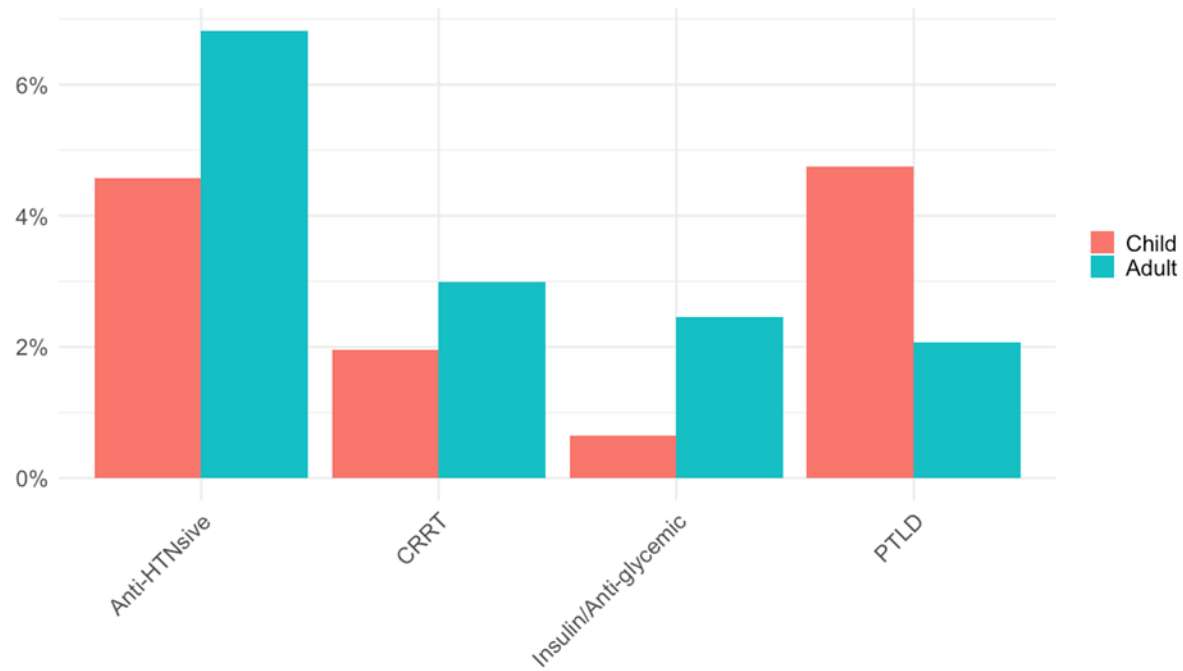
At Last Follow-Up

Immunosuppression

	Tac	CSa	MMF	Aza	Siro	Pred	Other
Ped+ Adults	77%	2%	10%	4%	13%	50%	3%

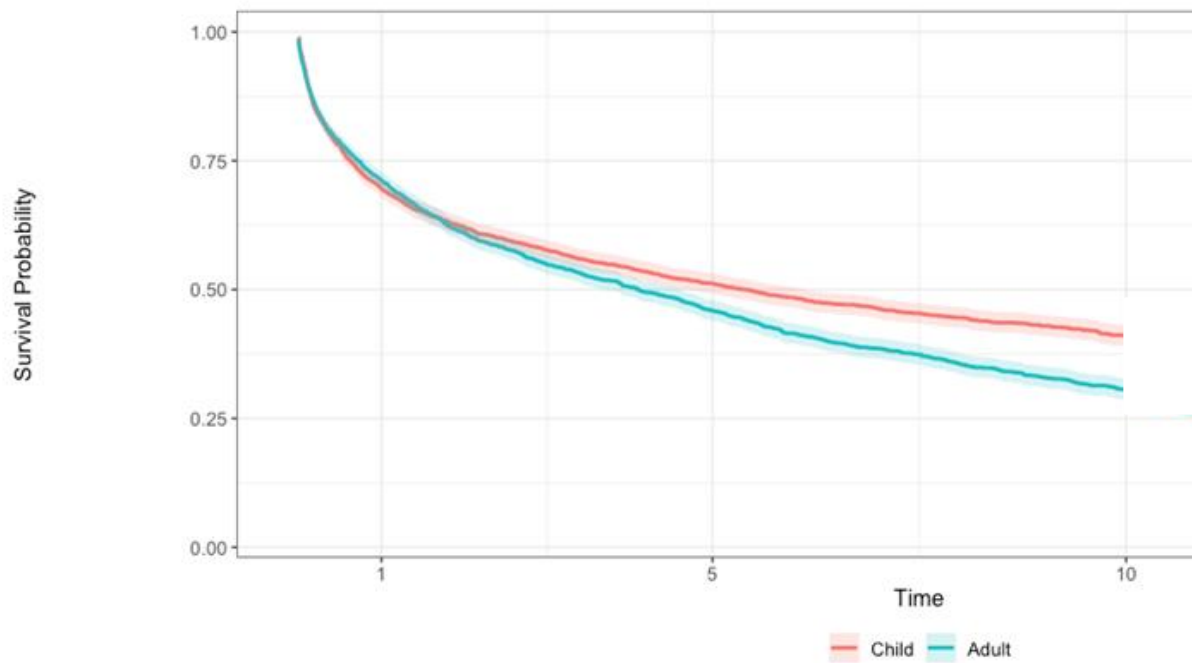
At Last Follow-Up

Complications



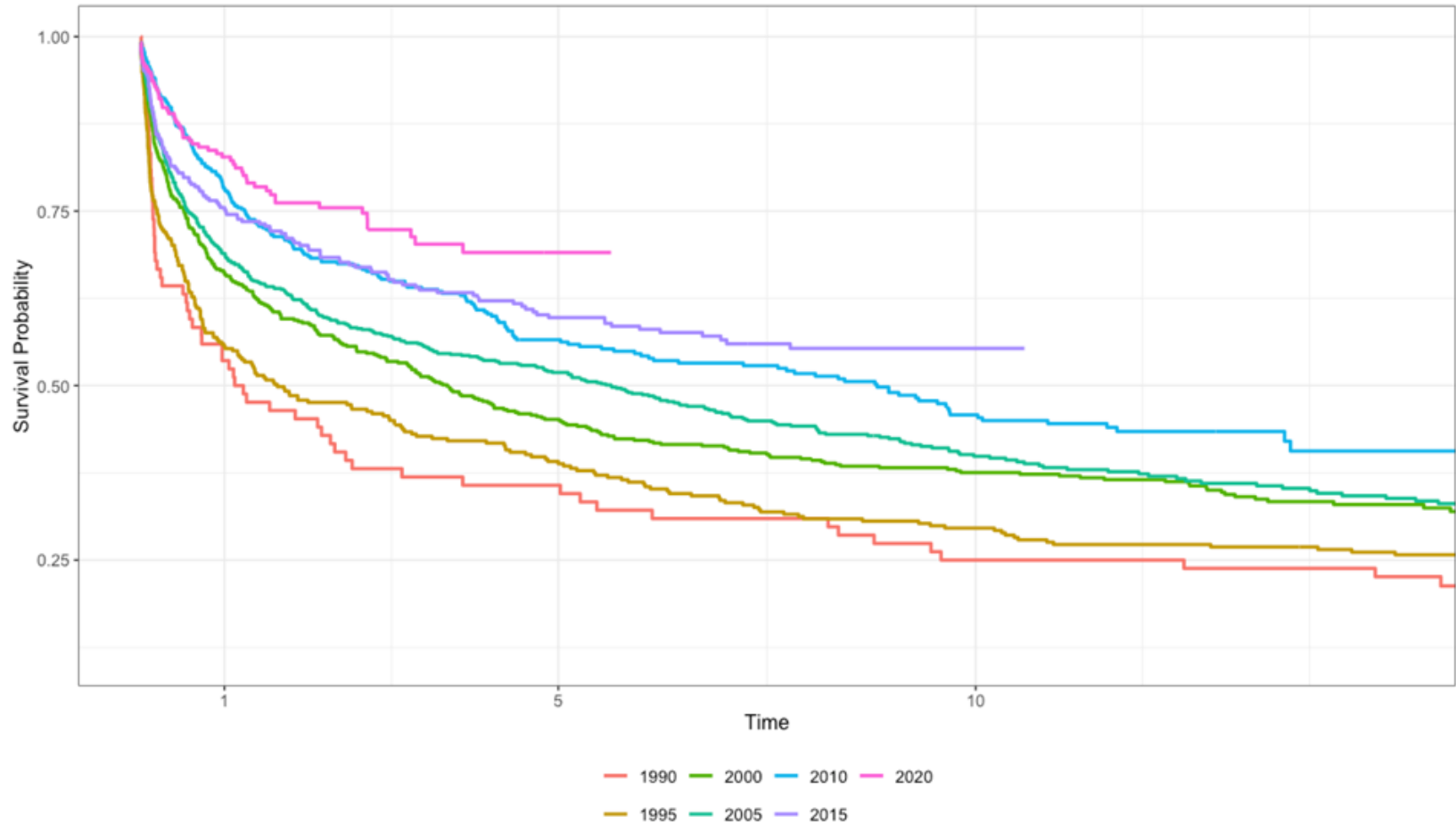
Trends in Graft & Patient Survival

Overall Graft Survival (1985-2025)

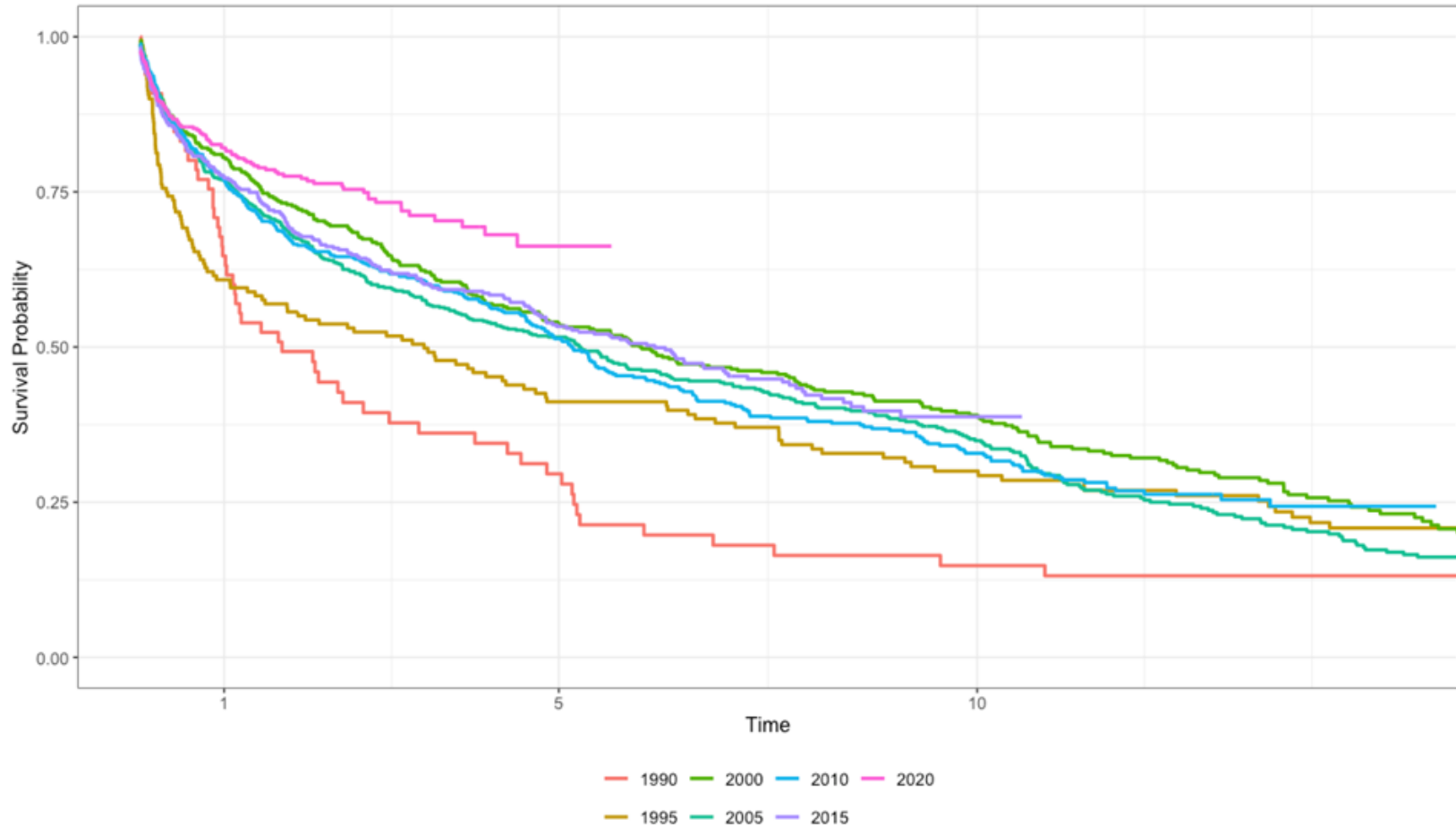


Survival	1- year	5-year
Pediatric	70%	51%
Adult	71%	46%

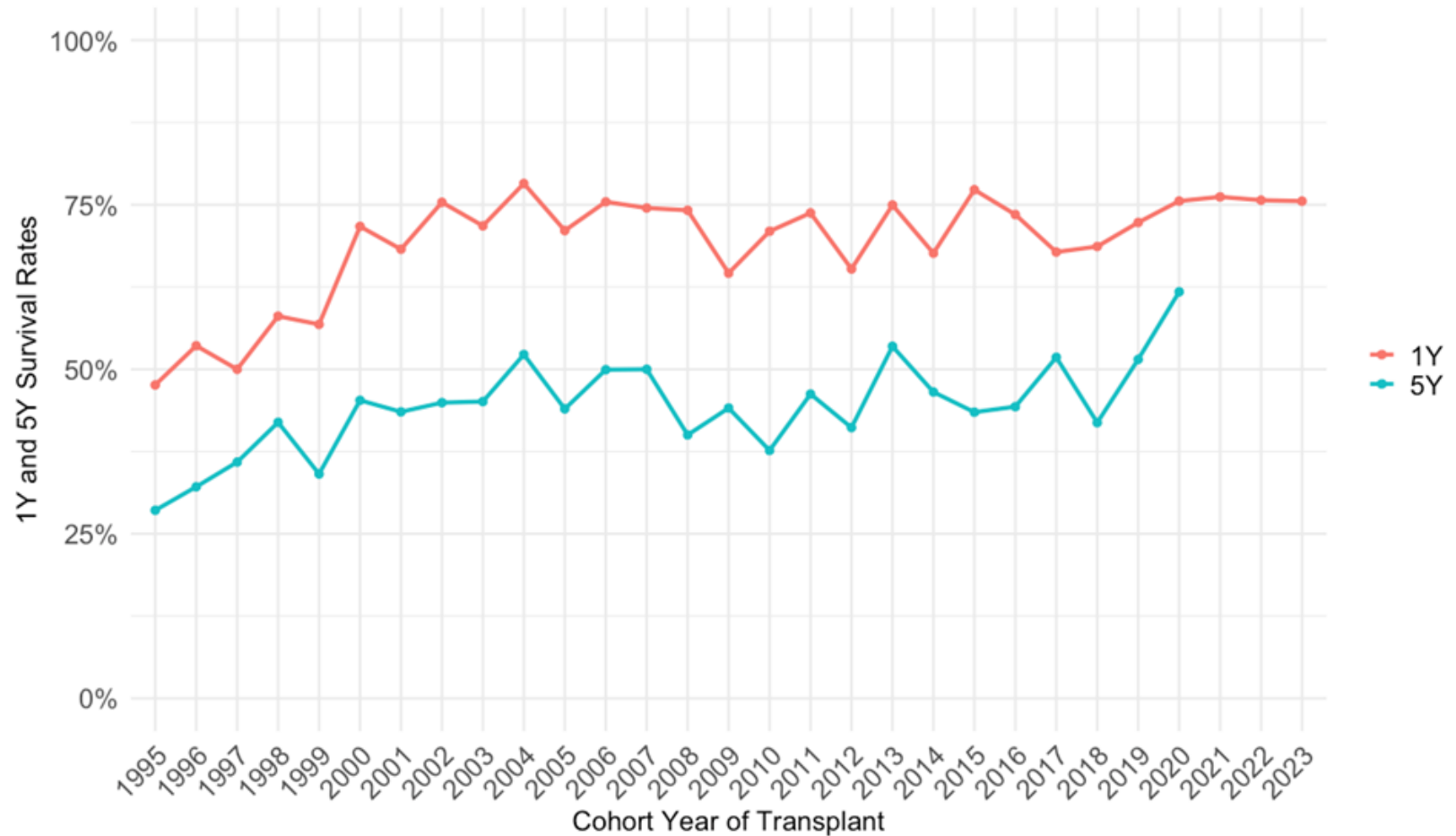
Pediatric Graft Survival by Era



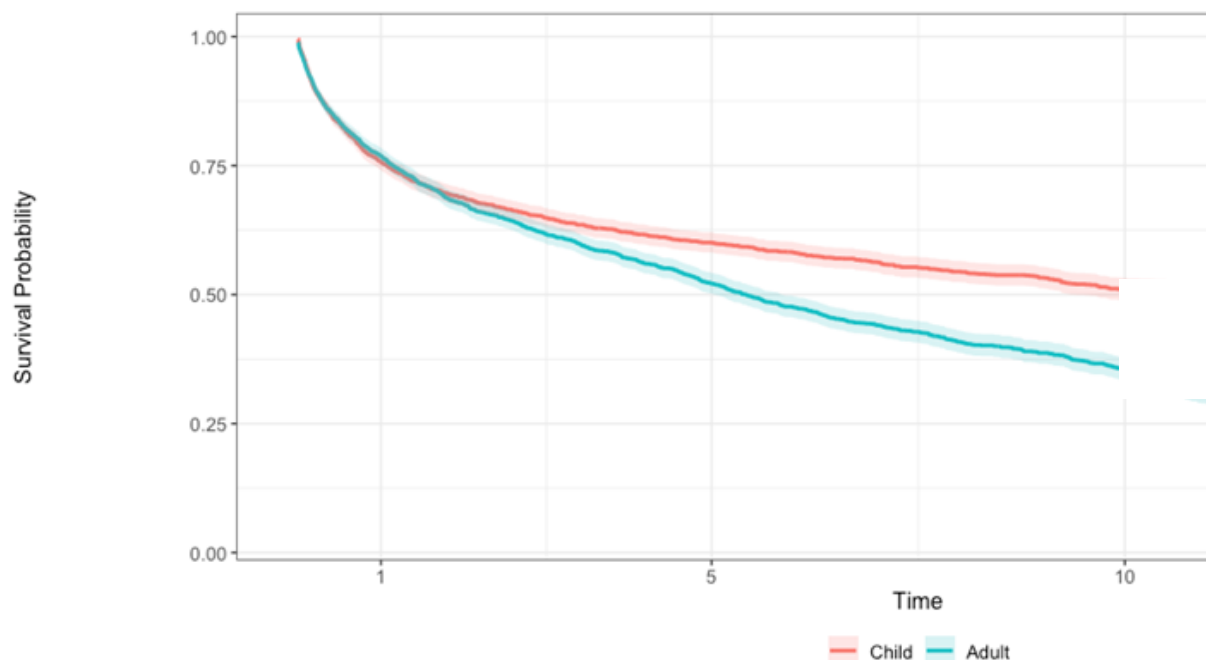
Adult Graft Survival by Era



1 & 5 Year Graft Survival Over Time

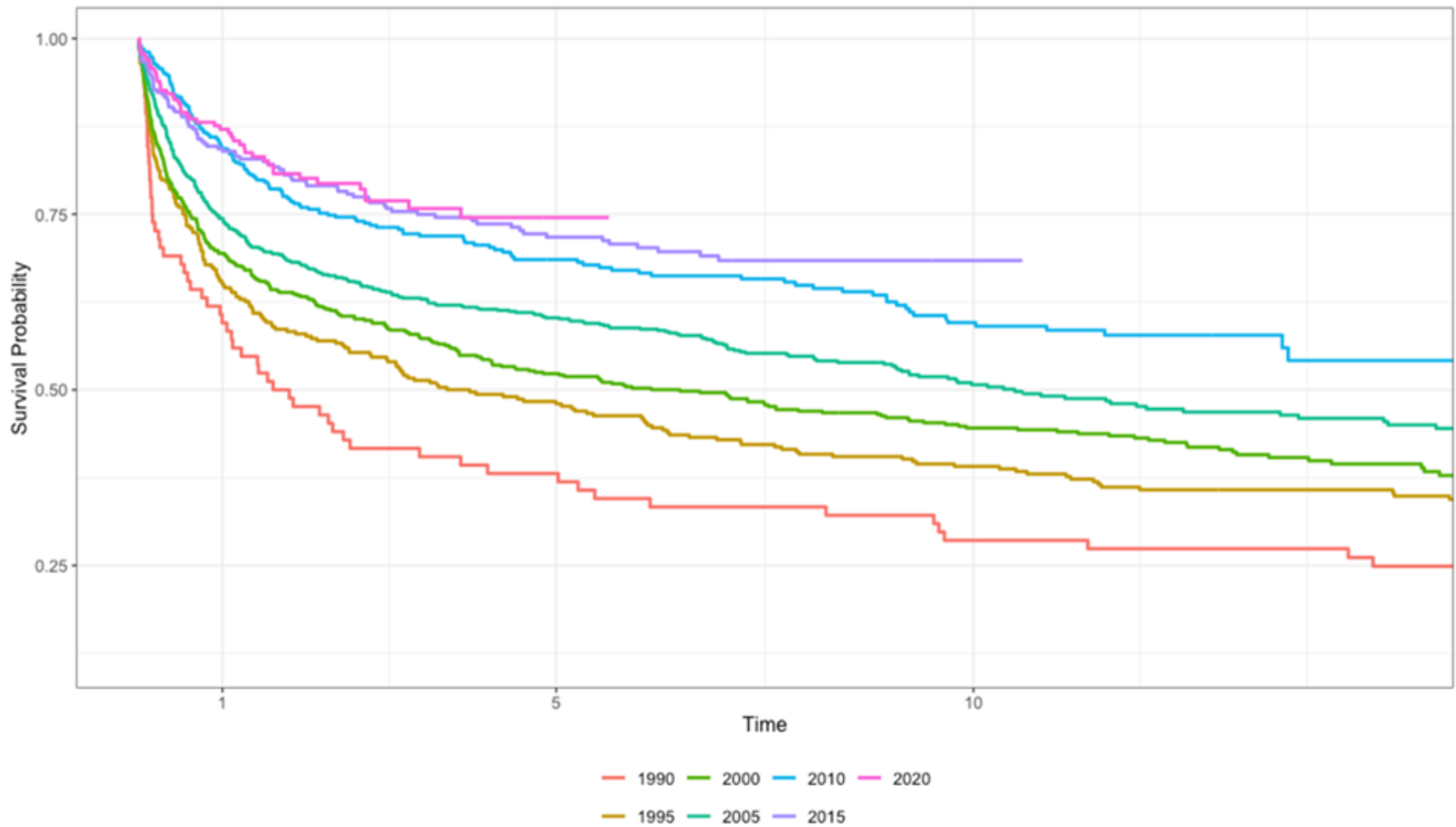


Overall Patient Survival (1985-2025)

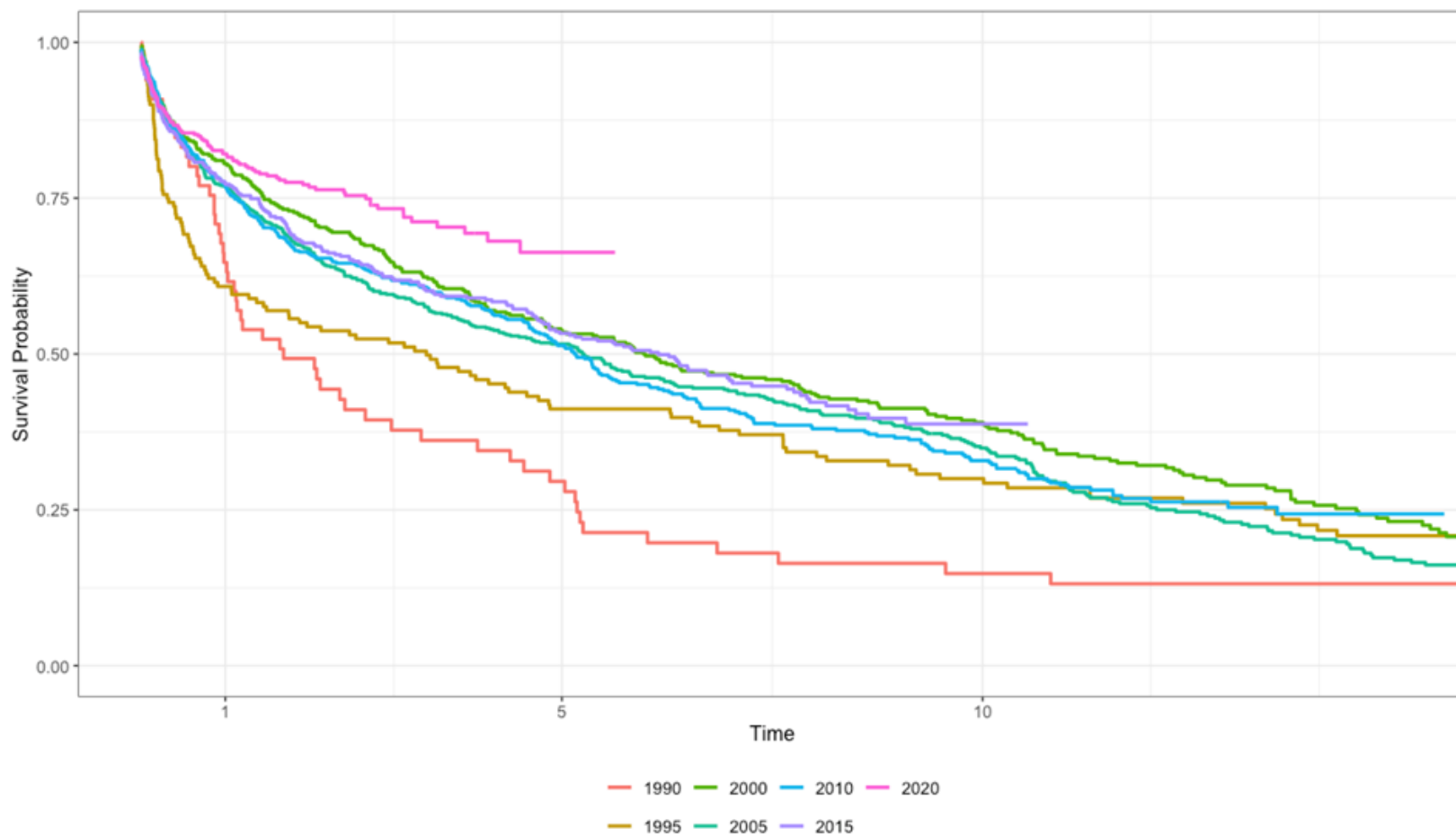


Survival	1- year	5-year
Pediatric	76%	60%
Adult	77%	52%

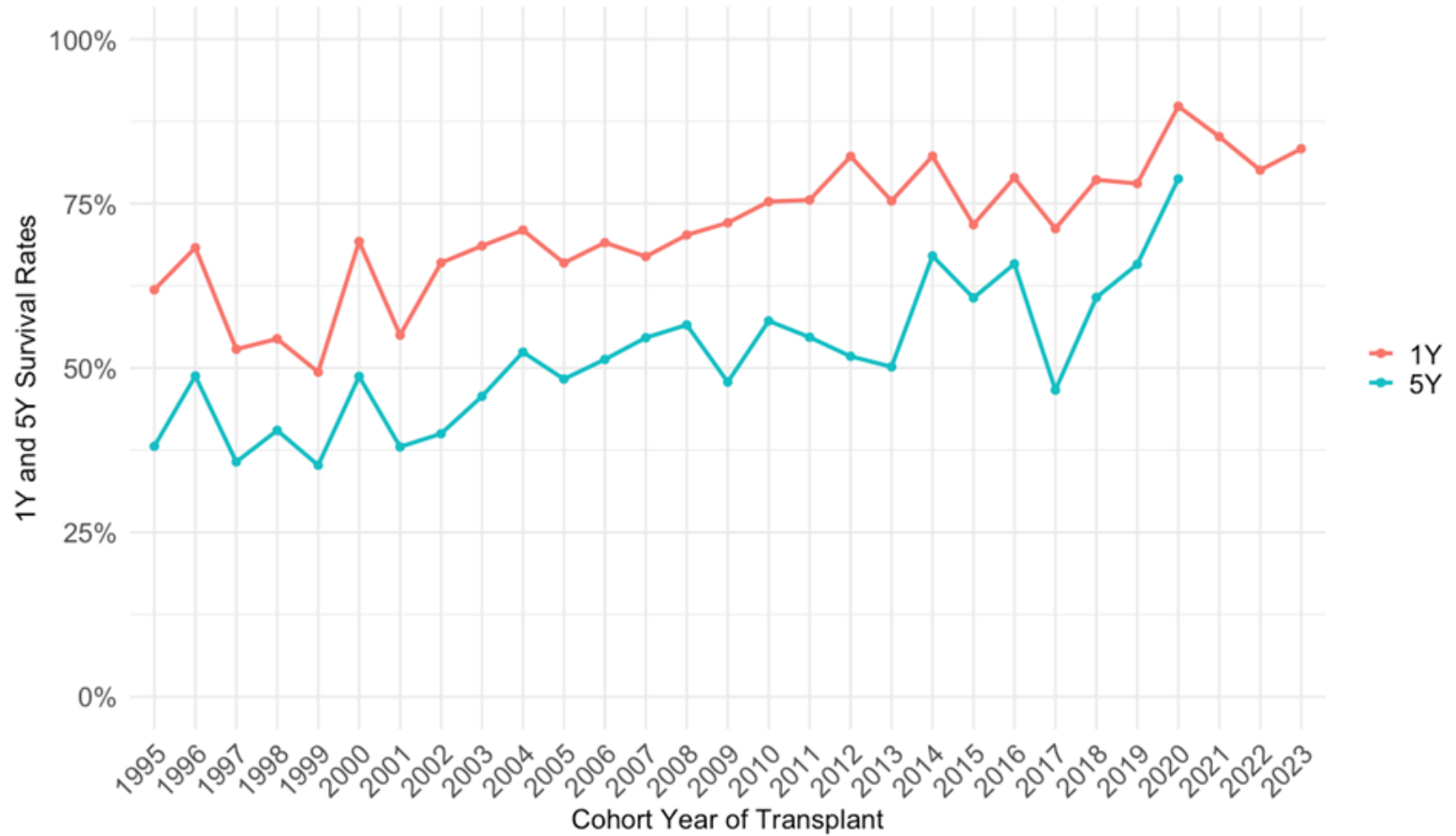
Pediatric Patient Survival by Era



Adult Patient Survival by Era

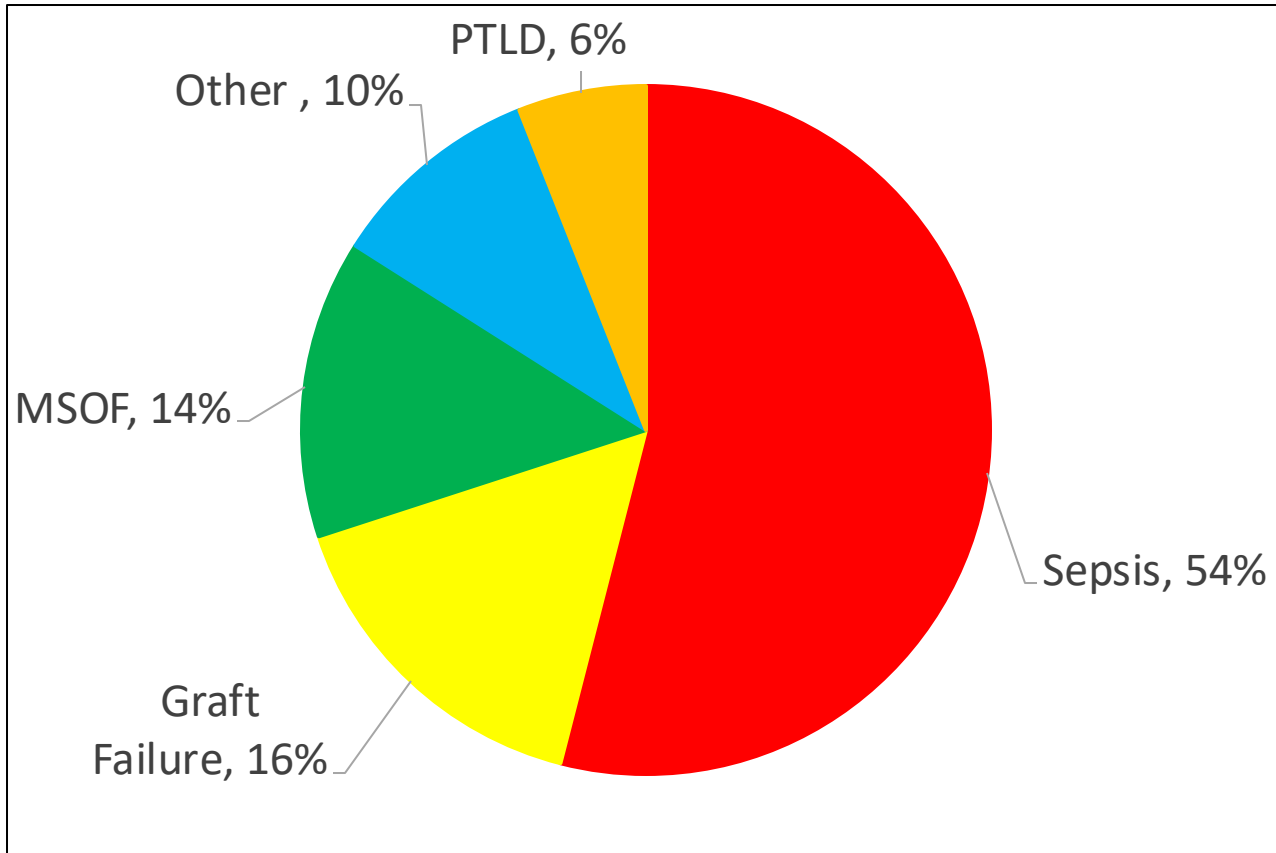


1 & 5 Year Patient Survival Over Time



Causes of Death

(1985-2025)



Challenges, Benefits & The Future of IITR

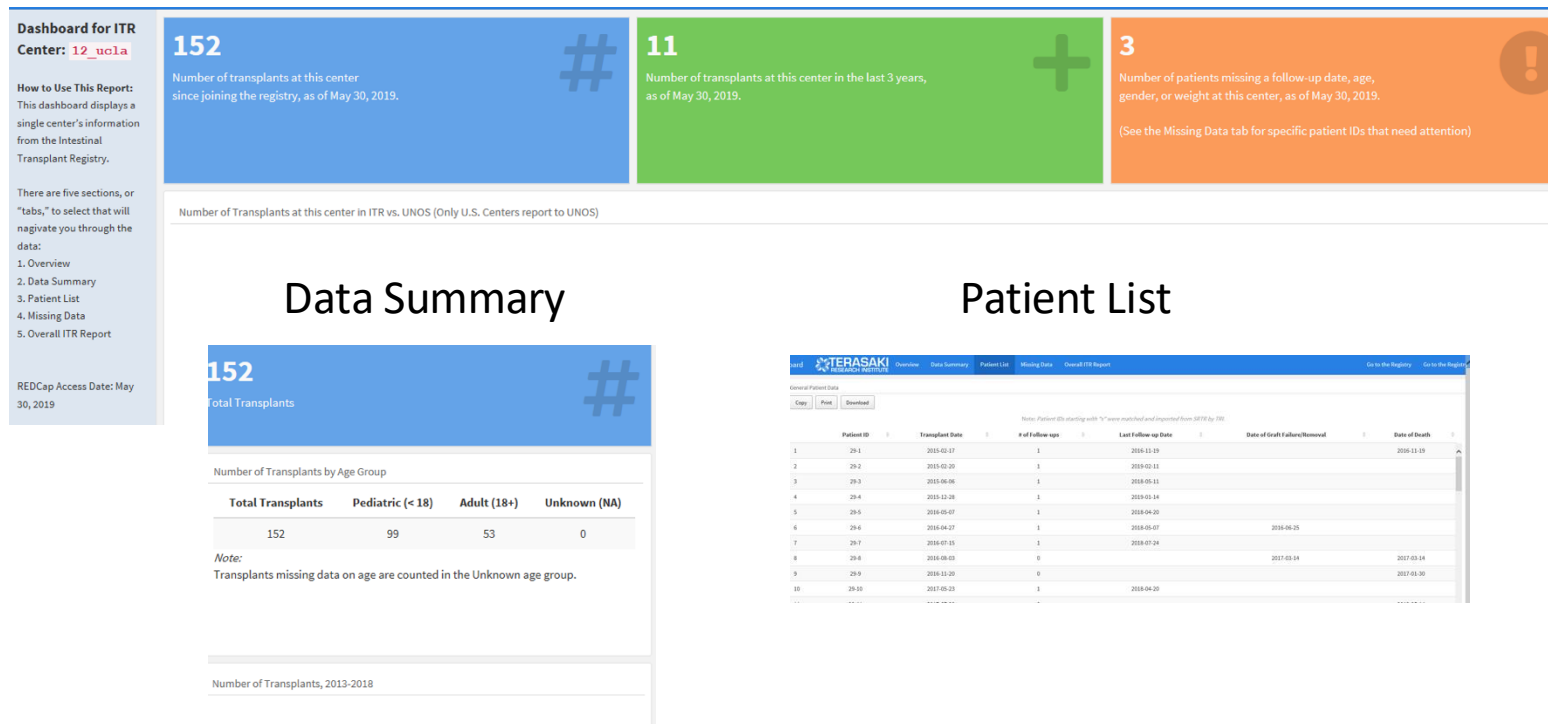
IITR Challenges

- Barriers to Data Entry:
 - IRB & DUA Challenges
 - Limited resources
(unfunded registry)

Recent ITR Publications

- Raghu V et al. Analysis of the intestinal transplant registry *Pediatric Transplantation* 2019
- Ceulemans L et al. Outcome after intestinal transplantation from living versus deceased donors: a propensity-matched cohort analysis of the ITR. *Annals of Surgery* 2023
- Pahl E et al. Toward and Ideal Outcome after Intestine Transplantation. Manuscript in preparation 2025
- Gondolesi G et al. ITR Analysis of Re-Transplant Patients. Data Analysis in progress 2025
- Oltean M et al. Analysis of Donor Variables and Intestinal Transplant Outcomes 2025

Individual Center Reports for IIRTA Members



Value for benchmarking and QI

Future IITR Opportunities

- Promote the use of center dashboards (QI)
- Streamline IRB & DUA process
- Explore linkage between existing registries & the IITR through IIRTA Chapters
- Encourage continuous data entry

Future of the IITR

- Utilize the IITR to address specific, targeted, contemporary knowledge deficits
- IITR: Detailed, longitudinal, long-term outcomes and challenges

Acknowledgements

- IIRTA Council

- IIRTA Scientific Committee

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